

CONTINUAL REBINDING OF DATA SOURCES

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to gathering data from data sources on a computer network, and more specifically to rebinding
5 a binding expression to an appropriate data source in accordance with a particular data specification.

BACKGROUND

There are many well-known techniques for recording fixed correspondences between local computational entities and resources on a
10 computer network. For example, U.S. Patent No. 5,873,093 describes a method and apparatus for maintaining a correspondence between network data sources and object classes capable of representing the data from those sources. However, the properties of resources on a network often change, creating a need to update the correspondence accordingly.

A number of systems maintain a dynamic correspondence between
15 local computational entities and network resources. One approach, exemplified by U.S. Patent Nos. 5,708,772 and 6,269,400, is to expect communication from the network resources at regular intervals, and to update the correspondence to indicate that a resource is unavailable if
20 no communication is received after the specified interval. U.S. Patent No. 5,668,952 extends this approach, initiating a search for a movable resource elsewhere in the network when it stops responding from its previously known location.

Each of the approaches heretofore mentioned provides for the
25 discovery of a unique network resource corresponding to a local computational entity. However, many applications require discovery not of the resource associated with a particular computation entity, but of any resource meeting certain criteria. U.S. Patent No. 6,151,624 provides for the discovery of network resources, such as web pages,
30 tagged with metadata, whose metadata match a description in any of several possible natural languages. U.S. Patent No. 6,269,400 (cited

earlier) provides for the discovery of network addresses, selected from a specified superset, at which specified services can be found. U.S. Patent No. 6,101,537 associates location-independent, path-independent names to movable network resources, and provides for the discovery of
5 such a resource at its current location. U.S. Patent Nos. 5,408,619 and 5,668,952 describe similar capabilities to bind abstract specifications to resources; the latter patent does so using the timeout-interval approach described earlier. U.S. Patent No. 5,909,549 augments the timeout approach with automated re-registration of a
10 network resource once it can reestablish communications.

These approaches maintain an up-to-date correspondence of keys, such as abstract names or other computational entities, with network resources, allowing a key to be bound to the resource that is most appropriate at the time of the binding. However, once the binding is
15 established, it remains fixed, even if subsequent changes in network resources change the correspondence on which the binding was based. Thus, the changes in the updated correspondence affect only bindings that will be made in the future, not bindings that have already been made. The method described in U.S. Patent No. 5,793,977 does not
20 maintain a current correspondence, but initiates communication among network nodes if necessary to discover a resource to be bound. This approach shares the same deficiency, namely that the binding, once made, remains fixed, even if the network conditions upon which the binding was based are modified.

25 In summary, current approaches for establishing a binding to the currently most appropriate network resource suffer from serious deficiencies. A binding, once made, is not modified when a different binding would be more appropriate. In systems that discover a binding to the most appropriate resource satisfying an abstract specification,
30 a current binding can become inappropriate because the abstract specification changes. In any system whose bound resources have changing properties, a change in properties of the currently bound resource may render that resource inappropriate. In either case, the

user of the binding is left with the responsibility for determining when the current binding has become inappropriate, and initiating rebinding.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention addresses the above-identified problems with the prior art by providing a method, system and computer program product for rebinding a binding expression to an appropriate resource in a network.

10 Thus, one aspect of the invention is a system for rebinding a binding expression to a new network resource, wherein a data specification describes a resource required by the binding expression. The system includes a data resolution service configured to discover network resources that satisfy the data specification. A means for rebinding rebinds the binding expression to the new network resource
15 when the data specification changes.

20 Another aspect of the invention is a system for rebinding a binding expression to a new network resource, wherein a data specification describes a resource required by the binding expression and a resource descriptor describes a currently bound network resource. The system includes a data resolution service configured to discover network resources that satisfy the data specification. A means for rebinding rebinds the binding expression to the new network resource
25 when the resource descriptor changes.

30 Another aspect of the invention is a method for rebinding a binding expression to an appropriate network resource in a network. The binding expression is associated with a data specification describing the data required at the binding expression. The network includes a current network resource, and the network resources include at least one resource property. The method comprises an obtaining operation to obtain a list indicating potential appropriate network resources. A selecting operation selects an appropriate network

resource from the list. A rebinding operation rebinds the binding expression to the appropriate network resource.

Another aspect of the invention is a system for rebinding a binding expression to an appropriate network resource in a network.

5 The binding expression is associated with a data specification describing the data required at the binding expression. The network includes a current network resource, and the network resources include at least one resource property. The system includes a data resolution service configured to provide a list indicating potential appropriate
10 network resources. A port manager is configured to provide an access port to an appropriate network resource such that the binding expression rebinds to the appropriate network resource via the access port.

Yet another aspect of the invention is a computer program product
15 embodied in a tangible media. The computer program includes computer readable program codes for rebinding a binding expression to an appropriate network resource in a network, with the binding expression being associated with a data specification describing the data required at the binding expression. The network includes a current network
20 resource, and the network resources include at least one resource property. The computer readable program codes include a first computer readable program code configured to cause the program to provide a list indicating potential appropriate network resources. A second computer
25 readable program code is configured to cause the program to select an appropriate network resource from the list. A third computer readable program code is configured to cause the program to rebind the binding expression to the appropriate network resource.

The foregoing and other features, utilities and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following more particular
30 description of various embodiments of the invention as illustrated in the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 shows an exemplary computer network environment embodying the present invention.

Figs. 2A and **2B** show a flow chart of an exemplary specification-driven rebinding algorithm in accordance with the present invention.

Fig. 3 shows an exemplary system employing an exemplary specification-driven rebinding process contemplated by the present invention.

Figs. 4A and **4B** show a flow chart of an exemplary advertisement-driven rebinding algorithm in accordance with the present invention.

Fig. 5 shows an exemplary system employing an exemplary advertisement-driven rebinding process contemplated by the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In general, the present invention is a mechanism for applications using network resources to rebind to an appropriate resource as resource characteristics and data specifications change. The invention is described in detail below with reference to **Figs. 1-5**. When referring to the figures, like structures and elements shown throughout are indicated with like reference numerals.

In **Fig. 1**, an exemplary environment **102** embodying the present invention is shown. The environment **102** includes a computer application **104** which communicates with network resources, such as data sources **106** and **108**, through a computer network **110**. It is contemplated that the computer network **110** may be any type of network known in the art. In particular, the network **110** may include a public network, such as the Internet.

The application **104** utilizes data from various network resources, such as data sources **106** and **108**, to perform one or more tasks or computations. For example, the application **104** may monitor the

physical location of a person **112** as he or she moves about. Thus, the data **114** and **116** received by the application **104** from the data sources **106** and **108** may be the person's current position. Furthermore, data source **106** may be a sensor configured to provide the person's position
5 in one region and data source **108** may be a sensor configured to provide the person's position in another region. As the person **112** moves about the area, the application **104** may sometimes require data **114** from data source **106**, and other times require data **116** from data source **108**.

The application **104** includes a binding module **118** which provides
10 the application **104** the required data from the data sources **106** and **108**. It is contemplated that the application **104**, including the binding module **118**, may be specific to the computer environment and task at hand, and may therefore be provided by a programmer. Within the application **104** is a binding expression **120** configured to contain
15 data from one of the data sources **106** and **108**. In other words, the binding expression **120** acts as a placeholder for data from a current data source of interest. The binding expression **120** contains a data specification **122** calling for, for example, a data source capable of providing the position of person **122**.

20 In order for the binding expression **120** to provide data from a particular data source, it must be bound to the data source. While a binding expression **120** is bound to a given data source, all requests for the current value of the binding expression **120** are satisfied by obtaining a value from that data source, and each new value generated
25 by the data source is reported as a new value generated by the binding expression **120**. Thus, returning to the example above, when the person **112** is at position **P1**, the binding express **120** is bound to data source **106** and receives data **114** from data source **106**. If, at a later time, the person **112** moves to position **P2**, the binding expression **102** is
30 rebound to data source **108** and receives data **116** from data source **108**.

A data specification **122** describes the data required by the binding expression **102**. It is contemplated that the data specification

may change over time. For example, the application **104** may cease monitoring the position of the person **112** and begin monitoring the position of, say, a goat **124**. If this occurs, the data specification **122** or a sub-expression of the data specification **122** is modified such
5 that the data specification **122** now calls for a data source capable of providing the position of the goat **124** rather than the position of the person **112**. The binding expression **120** is then rebound to a data source monitoring the goat's position, if such a data source exists.

The environment **102** further includes a data resolution service
10 **126**. The data resolution service **126** is configured to receive a data specification **122**, for example from binding module **118** and return a list of data sources, such as data sources **106** and **108**, that are capable of providing the data called for in the data specification **122**. Furthermore, the data resolution service **126** is configured to receive
15 advertisements from data sources such as data sources **106** and **108**. Data source advertisements can describe properties of the data provided by data sources **106** and **108**, properties of the data sources **106** and **108** themselves, or a combination thereof. Typically, when a data source property changes, the data source **106** or **108** submits a new
20 advertisement to the data resolution service **126**, overriding any previous advertisement stored by the data resolution service **126**. The data resolution service **126** may additionally provide an update notification to the binding module **118** when a change in a property of the currently bound data source **106** or **108** is received.

25 A port manager **128** in the environment **102** is configured to provide access ports to data sources, such as data sources **106** and **108** in the network **110**. As contemplated by the present invention, an access port is any data channel permitting access to data such as data **114** and **116** provided by a data source such as data source **106** and **108**.
30 For example, an access port may be a file handle, a socket, or a subscription to a message service. In one embodiment of the invention, when a data source descriptor is input to the port manager **128**, the

port manager **128** outputs an access port to the data source described by the data source descriptor.

As mentioned above, the present invention is a mechanism for applications **104** using data sources to rebind a binding expression **120** to the appropriate data source **106** and **108** as data source characteristics and data specifications change. When rebinding is necessitated because of a change in data source characteristics, the rebinding process is referred to herein as advertisement-driven rebinding. For example, if an application **104** tracking the location of a person **112** using network data source **106** receives a notification from the data resolution service **126** that the current data source **106** can no longer report on the subject's position, an advertisement-driven rebinding process (for example, to data source **108**) would occur. On the other hand, when rebinding is necessitated because of a change in the data specification, the rebinding process is referred to herein as specification-driven rebinding. For example, if an application **104** tracking the location of a person **112** using network data source **106** or **108** changes the data specification **122** of the binding expression **120** from the position of the person **112** to a position of the goat **124**, a specification-driven rebinding process would occur.

In **Figs. 2A** and **2B**, a flow chart of an exemplary specification-driven rebinding algorithm contemplated by the present invention is shown. The logical operations of the algorithm may be implemented (1) as a sequence of computer implemented steps running on a computer system and/or (2) as interconnected machine modules within the computing system. The implementation is a matter of choice dependent on the performance requirements of the system applying the invention. Accordingly, the logical operations making up the embodiments of the present invention described herein are referred to alternatively as operations, steps, or modules.

At evaluating operation **202**, the data specification is evaluated. Although it is contemplated that the data specification may be

evaluated at any time, in general, the data specification is evaluated under the following circumstances: when the computation containing the data specification is initialized; when a request is received for the current value of the data specification; and when notification is
5 received that one of the sub-expressions of the data specification has obtained a new value. After the data specification is evaluated, control passes to comparing operation **204**.

At comparing operation **204**, the new value of the data specification is compared to the previous value, if any, of the data
10 specification. If the two values are equal, then the current data source is still the appropriate data source bound to the binding expression and the algorithm ends. If, however, the data specification yields a new value, or if the data specification has not been evaluated previously, control passes to canceling operation **206**.

15 At canceling operation **206**, a subscription for update notifications of the current data source, if such a subscription exists, is canceled. An update notification, as mentioned above, alerts the binding module when a change in property of the currently bound data source occurs. Since the currently bound data source is
20 being unbound, the notification subscription is canceled. Once the canceling operation is completed, control passes to submitting operation **208**.

At submitting operation **208**, the binding module submits the new data specification value to the data resolution service. The new data
25 specification value acts as a request for a list of potential appropriate data sources configured to supply the data described by the data specification. The data resolution service, in turn, sends a response to the binding module. After the binding module receives the response from the data resolution service, control passes to checking
30 operations **210** and **212**.

At checking operations **210** and **212**, the response returned by the data resolution service is examined to determine if there is at least

one data source listed. If the response is an error indication, then, at checking operation **210**, control passes to binding operation **222** (see **Fig. 2B**) where the binding expression is bound to an error source. Likewise, if the response is an empty list of data sources, then, at
5 checking operation **212**, control again passes to binding operation **222**. If the response is a list containing at least one data source, then control passes to invoking operation **214**.

At invoking operation **214**, the binding module chooses one of the data sources found on the data source list. It is contemplated that
10 the logic and/or computation required to determine which data source is appropriate is application-specific and will be provided by a programmer. In one embodiment of the invention, a *select* method is called by the binding module to pick one of the data sources listed in the data source list. Once invoking operation **214** is completed,
15 control passes to checking operation **216**.

At checking operation **216**, a determination of whether an error occurred during invoking operation **214** is made. The *select* method, for example, may have produced an exception or may have returned an out-of-range result. If such an event occurs, control passes to binding
20 operation **222** (see **Fig. 2B**) where the binding expression is bound to an error source. If, however, no error is reported in checking operation **216**, control passes to invoking operation **218** (see **Fig. 2B**).

At invoking operation **218**, the binding module invokes the port manager by sending an indication of the data source selected to be the
25 bound data source. The port manager, in response, provides an access port to the selected data source. As mentioned above, the access port may be a file handle, a socket, etc. After the binding module receives a response from the port manager, control flow passes to checking operation **220**.

30 In checking operation **220**, the response from the port manager is analyzed to determine if an error indication, rather than an access port, was sent. If the response was an error indication, control

passes to binding operation **222**, where the binding expression is bound to an error source. If the response was a valid access port, control passes to subscribing operation **224**.

At subscribing operation **224**, the binding module invokes the data
5 resolution service by subscribing to notifications of new
advertisements from the newly selected data source. Thus, when the new
data source informs the data resolution service that a change in its
property has occurred, the data resolution service will forward the
change to the binding module. After subscribing operation **224** is
10 completed, control passes to binding operation **226**.

At binding operation **226**, the binding module binds the binding
expression to the port obtained in invoking operation **218**.

In **Fig. 3**, an exemplary system **302** employing a specification-
driven rebinding process **304** contemplated by the present invention is
15 shown. In accordance with the present invention, the specification-
driven rebinding process **304** can be a computer readable program
embodied as computer readable media. By way of example, and not
limitation, computer readable media may comprise computer storage media
and communication media. Computer storage media includes volatile and
20 nonvolatile, removable and non-removable media implemented in any
method or technology for storage of information such as computer
readable instructions, data structures, program modules or other data.
Computer storage media includes, but is not limited to, RAM, ROM,
EEPROM, flash memory or other memory technology, CD-ROM, digital
25 versatile disks (DVD) or other optical storage, magnetic cassettes,
magnetic tape, magnetic disk storage or other magnetic storage devices,
or any other medium which can be used to store the desired information
and which can be accessed by the hand-off controller. Communication
media typically embodies computer readable instructions, data
30 structures, program modules or other data in a modulated data signal
such as a carrier wave or other transport mechanism and includes any
information delivery media. The term "modulated data signal" means a

signal that has one or more of its characteristics set or changed in such a manner as to encode information in the signal. By way of example, and not limitation, communication media includes wired media such as a wired network or direct-wired connection, and wireless media
5 such as acoustic, RF, infrared and other wireless media. Combinations of any of the above should also be included within the scope of computer readable media.

As discussed above, specification-driven rebinding typically begins when an evaluation of the data specification yields a new value,
10 or when the data specification has not been previously evaluated. If such a condition exists, the system **302** initiates the specification-driven rebinding process **304** by sending a cancel notification command **306** to the data resolution service **126**. After the cancel notification **306** is sent, the new value of the data specification **308**, obtained from
15 the application **104**, is submitted to the data resolution service **126**.

If data sources offering the type of data called for in the data specification exist on the network, the data resolution service **126** responds by providing a list **310** of one or more potential appropriate data sources. At least one descriptor for each data source is included
20 on the list **310**. The rebinding process **304** then forwards the list **312** to the binding module **118** of the application **104** so that an appropriate data source can be selected from the list **312**. In one embodiment of the invention, the list is a data-source-descriptor array, and the binding module **118** indicates the appropriate data source in the form of
25 an index into this array. A *select* method in the binding module **118** may be used to determine the appropriate data source.

An indication **314** of the selected data source descriptor from the list **312** is returned by the binding module **118**. The rebinding process **304** then transmits the selected data source descriptor **316** to the port
30 manager **128**. As discussed above, the port manager **128** provides an access port **318** to the selected data source based on the data source descriptor **316**. The binding expression then rebinds to the appropriate

data source using the access port **318**. In addition, a subscription **320** is sent to the data resolution service **126** to provide update notifications of new advertisements from the selected appropriate data source to the binding module **118**.

5 As mentioned above, certain departures from the normal specification-driven rebinding process **304** may occur. These departures are triggered by the following events:

1. The data resolution service **126** may respond with an error indication rather than with a set of data source descriptors **310**.

10 2. The data resolution service **126** may respond with an empty set of data source descriptors.

3. The *select* method of the binding module **118** may throw an exception.

15 4. The *select* method of the binding module **118** may return an out-of-range array index.

5. The port manager **128** may respond with an error indication rather than with an access port **318**.

20 In any of these situations, no subscription is made to notifications of new advertisements, and the binding expression is bound to an error source. As used herein, an error source is a source that returns a special error value whenever it is asked for its current value.

25 In **Figs. 4A** and **4B**, a flow chart of an exemplary advertisement-driven rebinding algorithm contemplated by the present invention is shown. The logical operations of the algorithm may be implemented (1) as a sequence of computer implemented steps running on a computer system and/or (2) as interconnected machine modules within the computing system.

30 At receiving operation **402**, the data resolution service receives an advertisement from the current data source that a change in a data-

source property has occurred. As described above, a data-source property includes a property about the data source itself or about the data it is providing. Examples of such properties are the timeliness of the data and the location of a mobile data source. Once the
5 advertisement is received at operation **402**, control passes to invoking operation **404**.

At invoking operation **404**, the data resolution service invokes the binding module with an update notification. The update notification is designed to inform the binding module that a change in
10 the currently bound data source has occurred. In a particular embodiment of the invention, the update notification includes an update descriptor indicating the data source property changed in the current data source. A method in the binding module, say *rebindingNeeded*, determines if the change in data source property requires the binding
15 expression be rebound to another data source. Once invoking operation **404** is completed, control passes to checking operation **406**.

At checking operation **406**, the result from the *rebindingNeeded* method is checked. If the change in property of the current data source does not require the binding expression be rebound to another
20 data source, the advertisement-driven rebinding algorithm is ended. If, however, the change in property of the current data source requires the binding expression be rebound to another data source, control passes to submitting operation **408**.

At submitting operation **408**, the current value of the data
25 specification is submitted to the data resolution service. The data specification value acts as a request for a list of potential appropriate data sources capable of supplying the data called for by the data specification. The data resolution service, in turn, sends a response to the binding module. After the binding module receives the
30 response from the data resolution service, control passes to checking operations **410** and **412**.

At checking operations **410** and **412**, the response returned by the data resolution service is examined to determine if there is at least one data source listed. If the response is an error indication, then, at checking operation **410**, control passes to binding operation **422** (see **Fig. 4B**) where the bind expression is bound to an error source. Likewise, if the response is an empty list of data source, then, at checking operation **412**, control again passes to binding operation **422**. If the response is a list containing at least one data source, then control passes to invoking operation **414**.

At invoking operation **414**, the binding module chooses one of the data sources found on the data source list. As stated earlier, a *select* method may be called by the binding module to pick one of the data sources listed in the data source list. Once invoking operation **414** is completed, control passes to checking operation **416**.

At checking operation **416**, a determination of whether an error occurred during invoking operation **414** is made. The *select* method, for example, may have produced an exception or may have returned an out-of-range index. If such an event occurs, control passes to binding operation **422** (see **Fig. 4B**) where the bind expression is bound to an error source. If, however, no error is reported in checking operation **416**, control passes to invoking operation **418** (see **Fig. 4B**).

At invoking operation **418**, the binding module invokes the port manager by sending an indication of which data source in the data source list is selected to be the bound data source. The port manager, in response, provides an access port to the selected data source, based on the data source indication. After the binding module receives a response from the port manager, control flow passes to checking operation **420**.

In checking operation **420**, the response from the port manager is analyzed to determine if an error indication, rather than an access port, was sent. If the response was an error indication, control passes to binding operation **422** where the bind expression is bound to

an error source. If the response was a valid access port, control passes to subscribing operation **424**.

At subscribing operation **424**, the binding module invokes the data resolution service by subscribing to notifications of property changes to the newly selected appropriate data source. Additionally, if the appropriate data source is different than the previously bound data source, any subscriptions for notification relating to the previously bound data source are canceled. Thus, when the new data source informs the data resolution service that a change in its property has occurred, the data resolution service will forward the change to the binding module. After subscribing operation **424** is completed, control passes to binding operation **426**.

At binding operation **426**, the binding module binds the binding expression to the access port for the data source selected from the data source list. The binding module uses the access port provided by the port manager to access the data at this data source. Once binding operation **426** is completed, the advertisement-driven rebinding algorithm is ended.

In **Fig. 5**, an exemplary system **502** employing an advertisement-driven rebinding process **504** is shown. It is contemplated that the advertisement-driven rebinding process **504** can be a computer readable program embodied as computer readable media.

The advertisement-driven rebinding process **504** is triggered when a new advertisement **506** from the currently bound data source is received by the data resolution service **126**. As mentioned above, a data source advertisement describes a change in at least one data source property. The data resolution service **126**, in accordance with a subscription for data source notifications, responds by sending an update notification **508** to the advertisement-driven rebinding process **504**. It is contemplated that the update notification **508** includes an update descriptor **510** indicating the change in the data source property of the current data source.

The advertisement-driven rebinding process **504** invokes the *rebindingNeeded* method of binding module **118**, passing update descriptor **510** as a parameter. If the result **512** is *true*, indicating that rebinding is required, the binding module **118** submits the current data specification **514** to the data resolution service **126**. The data resolution service **126**, in turn, responds with a list **516** of one or more potential appropriate data sources. At least one descriptor for each data source is included in the list **516**. The rebinding process **504** then forwards the list **518** to the binding module **118** so that an appropriate data source can be selected.

A *select* method in the binding module **118** can be used to select an appropriate data source from the list **518**. The method returns an indication **520** of the selected data-source descriptor to the advertisement-driven rebinding process **504**. The rebinding process **504** transmits the selected data source descriptor **522** to the port manager **128**. In response, the port manager **128** returns an access port **524** to the appropriate data source based on the transmitted data-source descriptor **522**.

At this point, if the access port **524** to the appropriate data source is different from the currently bound data source, the data resolution service **126** is invoked **526** to cancel any subscription for notifications of new advertisements by the currently bound data source, and to subscribe to notifications of new advertisements by the newly selected appropriate data source. Finally, the binding module **118** rebinds the binding expression to the appropriate data source via the access port **524**.

As was the case with the specification-driven rebinding process, certain departures from the normal advertisement-driven rebinding process **504** may occur. These departures are triggered by the following events:

1. The *rebindingNeeded* method of the binding module **118** may throw an exception.

2. The data resolution service **126** may respond with an error indication rather than with a list of data source descriptors **516**.

3. The data resolution service **126** may respond with an empty set of data source descriptors.

5 4. The *select* method of the binding module **118** may throw an exception.

5. The *select* method of the binding module **118** may return an out-of-range array index.

10 6. The port manager **128** may respond with an error indication rather than with an access port **524**.

In any of these situations, no subscription is made to notifications of new advertisements, and the binding expression is bound to an error source. The error source is a source that returns a special error value whenever it is asked for its current value.

15 The foregoing description of the invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description. Thus, the above description is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed, and other modifications and variations may be possible. The embodiments disclosed were chosen and described in order
20 to best explain the principles of the invention and its practical application to thereby enable others skilled in the art to best utilize the invention in various embodiments and various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated. It is intended that the appended claims be construed to include other alternative embodiments
25 of the invention except insofar as limited by the prior art.